

In our paper before last, we stated that Judge A. S. Clayton of Clark county, voted against the nomination of Jackson by the Legislature of 1826. We now give the evidence taken from the Journal of the Senate of that year.

*"Saturday, December 16, 1826.*

"The preamble and resolution recommending General Andrew Jackson, to the office of President of the United States, was read—when

"Mr. Clayton of Clark, proposed the following as a substitute:

*"Resolved,* As the sense of this legislature that it is the interest of Georgia to support General Andrew Jackson for President of the United States, in preference to any man now before the public as a candidate for that office. That it is the opinion of this legislature, if Jackson should obtain that high and responsible trust, it will be discharged with fidelity and a strict regard to the rights and interests of every portion of the Union, which is all that the south asks or desires, and the distinction is not now mentioned with any view to demand or receive any thing more than its just rights. A faithful construction of the fundamental principles of the government, and an honest, and equal administration of its laws, are all that it claims; and this it believes would result in a higher degree from the choice of Jackson, than from any other man now looked to as a candidate.

"Which was read and together with the original, ordered to lie on the table"

*"Monday, Dec. 18, 1826.*

"On motion of Mr. Anderson,

"The senate took up the preamble and resolution from the house of representatives, in the following words:

"Whereas, the expression of opinion by the people of this State, in their legislative capacity, in favor of an individual who will unite their sentiments and meet their undivided support for the chief magistracy of the United States, is calculated to operate beneficially throughout the Union, and give to our fellow citizens in every section of it, evidence of the unanimity which prevails on a subject so important and so deeply interesting to our common country.

*"Be it therefore Resolved,* That the people of this State look with confidence to the election of ANDREW JACKSON, to the high and responsible office of President, as a hero, statesman and patriot, whose services in times of difficulty and danger were freely rendered to the country, whose moderation, purity of character, and acquiescence in the voice of the majority, fully evince his republicanism, and his attachment to the laws of the constitution, whose energy of mind, soundness of judgment, and discretion in the senate and in the field, eminently qualify him for, and entitle him to an office in which the exercise of those qualities are required; and the display of those virtues constantly elicited.

"Which was read.

"And the substitute proposed by Mr. Clayton of Clark, on Saturday last, being also read, Mr. Blair moved for the previous question.

"And on the question "Shall the main question be now put?" it was determined in the affirmative.

"The yeas and nays being required are—yeas 30, nays 25.

"Those who voted in the affirmative are, Messrs. Alston, Anderson, Beall, Blackstone, Blair, Broadnax, Burney, Clayton of Pulaski, Coffee, Footman, Foster, Frazer, Grove, Hoxey, Joice, Lawson, Mitchell, Powell of M'Intosh, Powell of Rabun, Porter, Spann, Sellers, Strawn, Tennille, Thomas, White, Wellborn, Wimberly, Wooten, Young.

"Those in the negative are, Messrs. Allen, Baker of Liberty, Baker of Warren, Brown of Camden, Brown of Decatur, Brown of Monroe, Brockman, Choice, CLAYTON of Clark, Dyall, Harman, Harris, James, Jones, Knight, Ray, Scarborough, Smith, Stocks, Tippins, Walker, Witt, Williams, Wynn of Gwinnett, Wynn of Hall.

"On the question to concur in the preamble and resolution of the house of representatives, it was determined in the affirmative.

"The yeas and nays being required, are yeas 46 nays 11.

"Those who voted in the affirmative are, Messrs. Alston, Anderson, Baker of Warren, Beall, Blackstone, Blair, Broadnax, Brown of Camden, Brown of Monroe, Brockman, Burney, Choice, Clayton of Pulaski, Coffee, Footman, Foster, Frazer, Groves, Harris, Hendrick, Hoxey, James, Joice, Jones, Knight, Lawson, Love, Mitchell, Powell of Rabun, Porter, Scarborough, Spann, Sellers, Smith, Stocks, Strawn,

Tennille, Thomas, Tippins, White, Witt, Wellborn, Wimberly, Woolen, Wynn, of Gainnett; - Young.

"Those who voted in the negative are, Messrs. Allen, Baker of Liberty, Brown of Decatur, CLAYTON of Clark, Dyall, Harman, Powell of M'Intosh, Ray, Walker, Williams, Wynn, of Hall."

It appears from the substitute, that he was willing to prefer Jackson to Adams, and had no scruples about pledging himself to Jackson, until a third candidate should have been gotten up—when he would be at entire liberty to transfer his influence and vote to such candidate; we say it appears from the *substitute* that he was willing to go this far, but we have no proof by his vote that he would have done so.— We have merely his vote against putting the main question, and his vote against the resolution which did not recommend Jackson as the "*choice between evils*" as the *Georgia Journal* of the 3d inst. was pleased to term him. Yet on the 22d of December, 1827, we find the name of the said Judge A. S. Clayton of Clark coun'y, attached to a document entered on the Journal of the Senate, from which the following passage is extracted:

"The undersigned now positively state that they are in favor of General Jackson for the Presidency of the United States, at the next election for that office, in preference to Mr. Adams or any one at present spoken of for that office, and so they expressed themselves by their *VOTE*, as members of the Legislature at the *LAST* session."

How far the word of such a man is worthy of belief, the public can judge.