gı sta or (S pr deci and the struck similarity of oning upon and, with that o of the of Mr pe ea to hand. is decision will be ju pl 88 HALL SUPERIOR COURT. ne st ly ve ht d 0 th cc G ell, a of and a re sident citizen of Hab in this St an offito authoriz elled for That th nation th n t. ing said c stituted th rary the s, court, prove had hired a and that aft ri ni w ju t U t-ty er nt the d the ty, but effect. declar ty of the la ıl ury uil-18 0r 8ubjec P eceived id tially ry an indep th p-nd ful th to en. into the case is sed on after a Chero per hat rean at re-be oes m-ob-on ec al d £ shall rly, to eli er ch elf in of only enquiry v And th

hich Convention, as is indisputably attested mitmitmit by the journal of that body, and was most unequivocally denied to the General Gorracts assemblies, are taken for any thing, it is inconceivable how such a pretension is ates, set up for that government, and if they are not to be regarded as evidence of motives or intention, why are they preserved? Why recorded and published? Better by terfitended and published? Better by the trefficended is the set of the set of the mortification of within the sessing the exercise of power, falsified by stubborn and notorious facts.

But in this case, let us resort to the in-But in this case, let us resort to the instrument itself. In no part of it, from the beginning to the end, can the word Indian, or any thing relating to that name, be found, except in one solitary place, and that is the following, "the Congress shall have power to regulate commerce with forticing nations, & among the several states, and with the Indian tribes." Now I ask, can it be seriously contended, that from the power to regulate commerce with the Indian tribes, the states have surrendered the right to extend their criminal laws over such tribes as may be found within their limits? If such a doctrine the tender of four hundred miles? It is not too much to say, nor is it said in the spirit of reproach, that the sost many of our people, can at this day be pointed to, which have been bleaching upon the naked earth, and scattered from the unburied bodies of many who were tortured and murdered in is the same of the said treaty of peace with that unfertunistic and the same of the said treaty of peace with that unfertunistic and the same of the said treaty of peace with that unfertunistic and the same of the said treaty of peace with that unfertunistic and the same of the said ince any treaty where the tenquility of Georgia was concerned, and is which the faith of the General Government has been pleaged to protect the without the same of the said on. If the General Government has bound itself to perform an act which will violate the rights of a state, will it enforce that act, contrary to the remonstrance of that State?

Are the rights of Georgia less to be respected than the supposed rights of the Indians? We say the General Government could make no treaty with the Indians, within the limits of Georgia, other than such as regulated commerce, & that predicts with the supposed rights of the Indians? We say the the General Government could make no treaty with the Indians, within the limits of Georgia, other than such as regulated commerce, & that predicts with the period has arrived when the error must be convected, for we must govern the Indians or they will govern us, and this is a question that admits of no debate.

They are within our jurisdiction and our terristory, and the Federal Court has so determined.— If they are within our jurisdiction and our terristory, and the Federal Court has so determined.— If they are within our jurisdiction and our terristory, and the Federal Court has so determined.— If they are within our jurisdiction and our terristory, and the Federal Court has so determined.— If they are within our jurisdiction and our terristory, and the Federal Court has so determined.— If they are within

kept in their own bounds, and that within those is to be to the clevel on one can be found.

Then what is the difference, between one India on ene mile square and 5000 Indians on 200 incles of the control of the comprehension of the narrowest capacity, but in case in reference to the first case is perfectly within the acknowledged clustrians, or case the numbers and enlarge the limits, and a principle, before as plain as noonday, vanishes in exact the numbers and enlarge the limits, and a principle, before as plain as noonday, vanishes in exact the numbers and enlarge the limits, and a principle, before as plain as noonday, vanishes in the control of the con